IMPORTANT! Read carefully before operating this tool.
Failure to operate any power tool properly can result in personal injury and/or property damage!

7.2.2.3 GENERAL SAFETY RULES
- Multiple hazards. Read and understand the safety instructions before installing,
  operating, repairing, maintaining, changing accessories on, or working
  near the power tool. Failure to do so can result in serious bodily injury.
- Only qualified and trained operators should install, adjust or use the power tool.
- Do not modify this power tool. Modifications may reduce the effectiveness of safety
  measures and increase the risks to the operator.
- Do not discard the safety instructions – give them to the operator.
- Do not use a tool if the tool has been damaged.
- Warnings shall be given against the risk of explosion or fire due to the material
  being processed.
- Warnings shall be given against the risk of cutting.

7.2.2.4 PROJECTILE HAZARDS
- Failure of the work piece, of accessories, or even of the tool itself may generate
  high velocity projectiles.
- Always wear impact-resistant eye protection during operation of the tool. The grade
  of protection required should be assessed for each use.

7.2.2.5 ENTANGLEMENT HAZARDS
- Entanglement hazard: choking, scalping and/or lacerations can occur if neck wear,
  hair or gloves are not kept away from tool and accessories.

7.2.2.6 OPERATING HAZARDS
- Use of the tool may expose the operator’s hands to hazards including crushing,
  impacts, cuts and abrasions and heat. Wear suitable gloves to protect hands.
- Operators and maintenance personnel must be physically able to handle the bulk,
  weight and power of the tool.
- Hold the tool correctly: be ready to counteract normal or sudden movements – have
  both hands available.
- Maintain a balanced body position and secure footing.
- Keep hands away from rotating or reciprocation accessories, spindles or other
  moving parts.
- Release the start and stop device in the case of an interruption of the energy supply
- Use only lubricants recommended by the manufacturer.

7.2.2.7 REPETITIVE MOTIONS HAZARDS
- When using a power tool, you may experience discomfort in your hands, arms,
  shoulders, neck, or other parts of your body.
- While using a power tool, position your body in a comfortable posture. Maintain
  secure footing and avoid awkward or off-balanced postures. Changing your posture
  during extended tasks may help avoid discomfort and fatigue.
- If you experience symptoms such as persistent or recurring discomfort, pain,
  throbbing, aching, tingling, numbness, burning sensation, or stiffness, do not ignore
  these warning signs. Promptly tell your employer and consult a qualified
  health professional.

7.2.2.8 ACCESSORY HAZARDS
- Only use sizes and types of accessories and consumables that are recommended by
  the power tool manufacturer.

7.2.2.9 WORKPLACE HAZARDS
- Slips, trips and falls are major causes of workplace injury. Be aware of slippery surfaces
  caused by use of the tool and also of trip hazards caused by the air line or hydraulic hose.
- Proceed with care in unfamiliar surroundings. Hidden hazards may exist, such as
  electricity or other utility lines.
- This power tool is not intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres and is
  not insulated from coming in contact with electric power.
- Make sure there are no electrical cables, gas pipes etc. that could cause a hazard if
  damaged by use of the tool.

7.2.2.10 DUST AND FUME HAZARDS
- Dust from some work processes can cause cancer, birth defects or other respiratory
  diseases. Risk assessment of these hazards and implementation of appropriate
  controls is essential.
- If the pneumatic tool is used in a dust filled environment exhaust air can cause a
dust hazard.
- Dusts and fumes generated when using power tools can cause ill health (for example:
cancer, birth defects, asthma and/or dermatitis); risk assessment of these hazards
and implementation of appropriate controls is essential.
- Risk assessment should include dust created by the use of the tool and the potential
for disturbing existing dust.
- Operate and maintain the power tool as recommended in these instructions, to
minimize dust or fume emissions.
- Direct the exhaust so as to minimize disturbance of dust in a dust filled environment.
- Where dusts or fumes are created, the priority shall be to control them at the point
of emission.
- All integral features or accessories for the collection, extraction or suppression of
airborne dust or fumes should be correctly used and maintained in accordance with
the manufacturer's instructions.
- Select, maintain and replace the consumable/inserted tool as recommended in
these instructions, to prevent an unnecessary increase in dust or fumes.
- Use respiratory protection as instructed by your employer or as required by
occupational health and safety regulations;

7.2.2.11 NOISE HAZARDS
- Unprotected exposure to high noise levels can cause permanent, disabling, hearing
loss and other problems such as tinnitus (ringing, buzzing, whistling or humming in
the ears).
- Risk assessment of these hazards and implementation of appropriate controls is
essential.
- Appropriate controls to reduce the risk may include actions such as damping materials
to prevent work pieces from ‘ringing’
- Use hearing protection as instructed by your employer or as required by occupational
health and safety regulations;
- Operate and maintain the power tool as recommended in these instructions, to
prevent an unnecessary increase in noise levels;
- Select, maintain and replace the consumable/inserted tool as recommended in
these instructions, to prevent an unnecessary increase in noise.

7.2.2.12 VIBRATION HAZARDS
- Exposure to vibration can cause disabling damage to the nerves and blood supply
of the hands and arms;
- Wear warm clothing when working in cold conditions and keep your hands warm
and dry.
- If you experience numbness, tingling, pain or whitening of the skin in your fingers
or hands, stop using the power tool, and tell your employer. You should also seek
medical advice from a qualified occupational health professional.
- Operate and maintain the power tool as recommended in these instructions, to
prevent an unnecessary increase in vibration;
- Select, maintain and replace the consumable/inserted tool as recommended in
these instructions, to prevent an unnecessary increase in vibration levels;
- Support the weight of the tool in a stand, tensionor or balance, because the operator
can then use a lighter grip to support the tool.
- Hold the tool with a light but safe grip taking account of the required hand reaction
forces, because the risk from vibration is generally greater when the grip force
is higher.

7.2.3 ADDITIONAL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS FOR PNEUMATIC POWER TOOLS –
AIR SUPPLY & CONNECTION HAZARDS
- Air under pressure can cause severe injury.
- Never direct air at yourself or anyone else.
- Whipping hoses can cause severe injury. Always check for damaged or loose hoses and
  fittings.
- Whenever universal twist couplings (claw couplings) are used, lock pins must
  be installed.
- Do not exceed the maximum air pressure stated on the tool.
- Use whip check safety cables to safeguard against possible hose to tool and hose
to hose connection failure.
- Never carry an air tool by the hose.
Important Warnings - Sanders & Polishers

1. Eye protection, safety gloves and safety aprons must always be worn when operating a sander or polisher.
2. Never adjust the sander or polisher or change the backing pad, sanding disc, sanding belt or polishing bonnet unless the air supply and air hose is disconnected from the tool.
3. Only use backing pads and polishing backing pads that have a rated speed that is the same as the sander or polisher or higher.
4. Never attempt to modify or adapt a sander or polisher for use with a grinding wheel or cut-off wheel or wire brush.
5. Only personnel trained in the correct methods to change pads, sanding discs, sanding belts and polishing bonnets should conduct these operations.

WARNING: This product contains lead, a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling.

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling.

SPECIFICATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model No.</th>
<th>Free Speed (RPM)</th>
<th>Motor (HP)</th>
<th>Belt Size (in.)</th>
<th>Gears</th>
<th>Weight (lbs.)</th>
<th>Length (in.)</th>
<th>Air Cons. (CFM)</th>
<th>Rec. Hose Size (in.)</th>
<th>Air Inlet (in.)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6525-ABS</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>1/4 x 18</td>
<td>Direct Drive</td>
<td>2.6</td>
<td>15.4</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>3/8</td>
<td>1/4 NPT/BSP</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Air Supply

Tools of this class operate on a wide range of air pressure. It is recommended that air pressure of these tools measures 90 PSI at the tool while running free. Higher pressure and unclean air will shorten the tool's life because of faster wear and may create a hazardous condition and void the warranty. Water in the air line will cause damage to the tool. Drain the air tank daily. Clean the air inlet filter screen on at least a weekly schedule. The recommended hookup procedure can be viewed in the illustration below. The air inlet, used for connecting air supply, has standard 1/4" NPT/BSP Thread. Line pressure should be increased to compensate for unusually long air hoses (over 25 feet). Minimum hose diameter should be 3/8" I.D. and fittings should have the same inside dimensions.
# Exploded View & Parts List

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ref #</th>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Qty</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>96Z-618001</td>
<td>Housing</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>95K-618020</td>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>95K-618003-11</td>
<td>Air Inlet (NPT)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>95K-618003-13</td>
<td>Air Inlet (BSP)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>95K-618004</td>
<td>Throttle Lever</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>96T-620205</td>
<td>Valve Stem</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>961106</td>
<td>Valve</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>95K-618007</td>
<td>Exhaust Deflector</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>959235</td>
<td>O-Ring</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>95K-618009</td>
<td>Safety Bar</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>970107</td>
<td>O-Ring</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>930102</td>
<td>Spring Pin</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>962012-1</td>
<td>Spacer</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>9619047</td>
<td>Cap Screw</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>962014-1</td>
<td>Rear End Plate</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>95K-620215-12</td>
<td>Rotor</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>962016-12</td>
<td>Rotor Blade</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>96T-620107</td>
<td>Screw</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>96T-620118</td>
<td>Cylinder</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>962019-1</td>
<td>Front End Plate</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>9051220</td>
<td>Ball Bearing</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>962021-1</td>
<td>Cap</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>96T-620122</td>
<td>Drive Wheel</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>96T-620123</td>
<td>Nut</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>96T-620147</td>
<td>Screw Thread Inserts</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>96T-620125</td>
<td>Hex Nut</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>970109</td>
<td>O-Ring</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ref #</th>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Qty</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>96T-620127</td>
<td>Guide Post</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>96T-620128</td>
<td>Support Rod</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>96T-620129</td>
<td>Screw</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>96T-620130</td>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>96T-620131</td>
<td>Tension Arm</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>96T-620132-0018S</td>
<td>Handle</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>9030120</td>
<td>Ball Bearing</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>96T-620145</td>
<td>Screw Thread Inserts</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>980209</td>
<td>O-Ring</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>96T-620136</td>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>96T-620137</td>
<td>Guard</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td>951208</td>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>96T-620139-0018S</td>
<td>Knob</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>970102</td>
<td>Spring Pin</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41</td>
<td>95K-618011</td>
<td>Muffler Material</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>95K-618013</td>
<td>Spring Ring</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>43</td>
<td>96X-620141</td>
<td>Contact Arm</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44</td>
<td>96T-620144</td>
<td>Plug</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45</td>
<td>96X-620134-0002S</td>
<td>Idle Pulley</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46</td>
<td>96T-620140</td>
<td>Dust Cover</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47</td>
<td>96T-620146</td>
<td>Screw Thread Inserts</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48</td>
<td>90R02607108</td>
<td>O-Ring</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49</td>
<td>9PN03000708</td>
<td>Pin</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>96T-620102</td>
<td>Guard Body</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51</td>
<td>90623Z</td>
<td>Ball Bearing</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>52</td>
<td>96X-620143</td>
<td>Planten Pads</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>53</td>
<td>910014S</td>
<td>Hex Key Wrench</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Maintenance
Other factors outside the tool may cause loss of power or erratic action. Reduced compressor output, excessive drain on the air line, moisture or restriction in air pipes or the use of hose connections of improper size or poor condition may reduce air supply. Grit or gum deposits in the tool may cut power and may be corrected by cleaning the air strainer and flushing out the tool with gum solvent oil or an equal mixture of SAE#10 oil and kerosene. If outside conditions are in order and tool is out-of-warranty, disconnect tool from hose, disassemble tool, replace worn or damaged parts, clean, reassemble, and re-lubricate, or take tool to any air tool service center. For tools in warranty period, send tool direct to Warranty Center.

Lubrication
Ensure the air line is shut-off and drained of air before removing this tool for service or changing sockets. This will prevent the tool from operating if the throttle is accidentally engaged.

An in-line filter-regulator-lubricator is recommended as it increases tool life and keeps the tool in sustained operation. Regularly check and fill the in-line lubricator with air tool oil. Avoid using excessive amounts of oil. Adjust the in-line lubricator by placing a sheet of paper next to the tool’s exhaust ports and holding the throttle open approximately 30 seconds. The lubricator is properly set when a light stain of oil collects on the paper. If it is necessary to store the tool for an extended period of time (overnight, weekend, etc.), generously lubricate the tool through the air inlet. Run the tool for approximately 30 seconds to ensure the oil is evenly distributed throughout the tool. Store the tool in a clean and dry environment.

Recommended lubricants: Air tool oil or any other high grade turbine oil containing moisture absorbent, rust inhibitors, metal wetting agents, and an EP (extreme pressure) additive

AIRCAT WARRANTY

AIRCAT and NITROCAT air tools are warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship for 2 years from date of purchase. We will repair or replace, at our option any defective part or unit which proves to be defective in material or workmanship during this 2 year period. The foregoing obligation is AIRCAT and Florida Pneumatic's sole liability under this or any implied warranty, under no circumstances shall it be liable for any incidental or consequential damages.

This warranty applies to the tool only. The warranty does not apply to any attached accessories/consumable products; such as drill chucks, sander backing pads, air hammer retainers and chisels or “kit” accessories or any other accessory included with the tool.

Any repair required due to normal wear and tear, abuse, misuse, modification of the tool or repair attempts (by other than an AIRCAT or Florida Pneumatic Authorized Service Center) are not covered by this warranty.

Return your tool to an AIRCAT or Florida Pneumatic Authorized Service Center freight prepaid. Be sure to include your name, address, copy of purchase with date and description of the suspected defect.

AIRCAT whose policy is continued product improvement reserves the right to make changes in design or construction at any time without incurring any obligation on tools previously sold.

Tune-Up and Head Kits for all AIRCAT PNEUMATIC impact wrenches and ratchets are available.

SERVICE CENTER LISTINGS ENCLOSED

AIRCAT USA
a Division of Florida Pneumatic Manufacturing Corporation
851 Jupiter Park Lane I Jupiter, Florida 33458
Toll Free (888) 424-7228 I Fax (561) 575-9134
www.aircat.com sales@aircat.com

AIRCAT Europe
A Division of Universal Air Tool Company Limited
Unit 8 Lane End Industrial Park, High Wycombe HP14 3BY
Ph: 01494 883300 / Fax: 01494 883237
sales@universal.co.uk www.universal.co.uk